

SHING GOODS, ETC.  
Mid-Summer Goods.  
EVERY DESCRIPTION.

of a comfortable summer complete stock.  
PRICES ON

Children's Suits

BROS.,  
Whitehall St.

SUPPLIES, ETC.

& KING,  
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Woolen & General Mill Supplies

INERY and TOOLS

on Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods,  
ose, Packing, etc. Agents for the  
eam Pump and Washburn & Moen

62 SOUTH BROAD ST.

CEMENTS

Marble Dust

PLASTER PARIS

Fire Clay

STOVE FLUE

BRICKS AND PRICES LOW

BELLINGRATH

ARTS and Facings, Hard Wood  
is, Plain and Fancy Grates,  
XTURES,

ers, Water Coolers, Baby Car-  
Steam Pump, Climax Gas Ma-  
ck Inspirators, Wrought Iron

ATLANTA, GA.

GRANITE COMPANY,

LITHONIA, GA.

ctors in Granite

ing that we are now prepared to  
finest quality of Lithonia

especially in the line of

TAL AND

STREET PAVING WORK.

BRANCH OFFICE:  
10-20 Wiggins Block,  
CINCINNATI.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate.

Thurs for sale a splendid place 10 miles east  
Atlanta, at Stone Mountain, near depot. 25 acres, 8  
in field, balance in orchard, garden, pasture, etc.  
7-room residence, servants' house, stable, etc., all in  
good repair.

The P. P. Penne lots on West Peachtree street, in  
forest grove. Lovely building sites.

Four nice cottages on north side, under shadow of  
the Kimball house.

Three cottages on south side on Whitehall.  
Three large brick residences on north side.

A nice place near new state capital.  
Four nice cottages in third ward.

The very best residence property on Peachtree  
street; also on North Avenue, West Peachtree and  
Kimball streets.

Three new first-class rent-paying places. A bar-  
gain can be had.

Several splendid building lots in West End, on  
near street car line.

G. W. ADAIR.

VOL. XXI.

WILL SWEAT IT OUT.

Probability that Congress Will  
Not Adjourn

UNTIL THE MIDDLE OF SEPTEMBER.

The Tedium of the Tariff Bill—  
What the Senate Will Do With the  
Measure—Other Gossip.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—[Special.]—The  
free list of the Mills tariff bill has been dis-  
posed of. Its consideration was concluded in  
the house this afternoon without an amend-  
ment having been adopted, save those pre-  
viously agreed upon by the ways and means  
committee. The free list, however, only com-  
prises the first half dozen of ninety or more  
pages, and its consideration by sections is pro-  
gressing very slowly—in fact, so slowly that  
even Mr. Mills does not think the house will  
be able to dispose of it before the first of Au-  
gust. This slow progress is causing much  
impatience in regard to the adjournment of  
congress, and many members today gave it  
as their opinion that even the fifteenth of Sep-  
tember would find congress in session.

WHAT JUDGE CRISP THINKS.

Judge Crisp said tonight that the time  
of adjournment would depend upon circum-  
stances. "If the republicans," he said, "want  
to let us progress rapidly with the bill, we could  
adjourn in July, but I see no hope of that. We  
can hardly finish the bill, the way matters  
are now progressing, before about the first of  
August. Then the senate will have to con-  
sider it, and the length of time they desire to  
consume will depend upon the issues of the  
debate. They may refuse to consider it this  
session, and then we may adjourn early, but I  
hardly think this probable. If they consider  
it much time will undoubtedly be consumed, as  
this is a presidential year and politics will  
enter largely in the debate, which will, of  
necessity, consume much time. However, I  
believe it probable that matters  
will be arranged in such a manner that we  
shall be able to adjourn by the middle of Au-  
gust or the first of September, as many mem-  
bers are anxious to return to their homes,  
where they can present the issues of the con-  
ference to their people. The issues have never  
been squarely presented before and all are  
very anxious to get away. I don't believe we  
shall be here later than the first of September."

Judge Crisp is one of the few members who  
have hopes of getting away by September.

On the present outlook it might be pre-  
dicted that there will hardly be time for the  
members to get to their homes at the end of  
this session and spend a week before the next  
one opens.

RAISING POSTMASTER SALARIES.

The following changes have been made in  
the salaries of Georgia postmaster postma-  
sters, based upon the total receipts of the offices:  
Americus raised from \$1,600 to \$1,700; Athens,  
\$1,000 to \$2,200; Atlanta, \$3,500 to \$3,400;  
Bainbridge, \$1,400 to \$1,500; Brunswick, \$1,800  
to \$2,000; Camden, \$1,300 to \$1,400; Calhoun,  
\$1,500 to \$1,600; Macon, \$2,800 to \$2,900;  
Marietta, \$1,600 to \$1,700; Milledgeville,  
\$1,400 to \$1,500; Newnan, \$1,000 to \$1,100;  
Thomasville, \$1,700 to \$1,800; Valdosta, \$1,200  
to \$1,300; Washington, \$1,200 to \$1,300; Way-  
cross, \$1,400 to \$1,500. The salaries of the  
postmen have been reduced \$100. These two  
and Albany are the only presidential offices in  
Georgia which are not presidential offices. The  
rest are all congressional districts. Atlanta's re-  
ceipts have increased \$10,000 during the past  
year.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Thomas Cobb, American, spent yesterday  
on his way to Annapolis, where Judge  
Crisp has had him appointed as a cadet.

Mr. P. Alexander, Jr., of Georgia, is here.

W. B. B.

EXTENDING THE APPROPRIATIONS.

The Senate Passes a Resolution to Provide  
for Certain Departments.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—In the senate,  
among the bills reported from committees and  
placed on the calendar, was the house bill to  
extend leave of absence to government print-  
ing office employees to thirty days per year.

The senate resumed consideration of the  
army appropriation bill, the pending question  
being on Mr. Hawley's amendment offered  
yesterday.

Discussion of the bill, after continuing for  
three hours, was interrupted in order to let  
the other business transacted. Committees of  
conference were appointed on the legislative,  
diplomatic and consular and District of Colum-  
bia appropriation bills. At 4:30 p.m. the senate  
back to joint resolution extending appropri-  
ations for the present fiscal year, for thirty days  
from the 30th June, for departments of govern-  
ment for whose appropriation bills for next  
year shall not have become a law.

After the discussion the joint resolution was  
passed without division, and the senate re-  
sumed consideration of the army appropri-  
ation bill, the question being on an amendment  
offered by Mr. Hawley.

The remainder of the day was spent in de-  
bate upon the bill, and without reaching a vote  
upon Mr. Hawley's amendment, the senate, at  
6:30, adjourned until tomorrow.

UNABLE TO AGREE.

The Conference Committee on the District of  
Columbia Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—In the house Mr.  
Mills, of Georgia, reported that the confer-  
ence committee on the District of Columbia  
appropriation bill had failed to agree, and  
stated that the chief point of difference be-  
tween the two houses grew out of the increase  
of appropriations made by the senate for paving  
the streets. After a protracted discussion, a  
further conference was ordered.

The house then went into committee of the  
whole, Mr. Springer, of Illinois, in the chair,  
on the tariff bill.

Motion to strike from the free list "Rags of  
whatever material composed," and "Reeds, man-  
ufactured, but not made up into finished  
articles," was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Brockbridge, of Arkansas,  
paintings in oil or water colors, and statuary,  
not otherwise provided for, were stricken from  
the free list.

Mr. Lehigh, of New Jersey, moved to  
strike from the free list stone, unmanufactured  
or unpressed, free stone, granite, sand-  
stone and all building materials of the same  
kind, excepted from the free list.

Mr. Baker, of New York, moved to add  
photographic print paper not albumized or  
sensitized to the free list.

Mr. Buchanan offered an amendment pro-  
viding that whenever any of the articles named  
in the free list are imported in large quan-  
ties of foreign registry, they shall pay the  
duties imposed by the act of 1883. The amend-  
ment was rejected.

Mr. Russell, of Massachusetts, moved to  
strike from the free list. He stated  
that he was used in the manufacture of  
gun goods and that it was not produced in  
this country. The motion was agreed to.

This completed the consideration of the free

list section, and the clerk proceeded to read the  
durable portion of the bill. The clause provid-  
ing that the change in the rate of duties shall  
take effect the 1st of July, 1888, was passed  
over.

Mr. Adams, of Illinois, moved to strike out  
the clause fixing the rate of duty on refined  
cocoa at three cents per pound. This led  
to a long discussion, in the course of which Mr.  
Reed, of Maine, bitterly criticized the major-  
ity of the ways and means committee for at-  
tempting to mislead congress by state-  
ments made to the effect the bill would have  
upon revenues.

Messrs. Wilson, of West Virginia, and  
Brockbridge, of Arkansas, took up the argu-  
ment in defense of the ways and means committee and  
in a counter attack upon the minority of that  
committee.

A good part of the debate was devoted to a  
heated personal controversy between Messrs.  
Brockbridge and Reed.

Finally the Adams amendment was rejected.  
The committee then rose.

The house concurred in the senate amend-  
ment to the joint resolution to extend the ap-  
propriations for thirty days and at 5 p.m. took  
a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be  
for the consideration of private pension bills.

The senate, at its evening session, consid-  
ered the Adams amendment to the tariff bill, and  
at 10:30 o'clock adjourned.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman Barnum Completes With the Re-  
solution of the National Committee.

NEW YORK, June 29.—In conformity with  
the vote of the national democratic committee,  
empowering the chairman to appoint an execu-  
tive committee, the chairman of the national com-  
mittee, in regard to the resolution, appointed the  
following as such executive committee:

California—M. F. Tappan, Florida—Samuel Pasco,  
Georgia—John H. Ball, Illinois—Ernest M. Phelps,  
Indiana—J. H. Ball, Kentucky—J. H. Ball,  
Louisiana—J. H. Ball, Maryland—J. H. Ball,  
Massachusetts—J. H. Ball, Michigan—J. H. Ball,  
Minnesota—J. H. Ball, Missouri—J. H. Ball,  
New York—J. H. Ball, North Carolina—J. H. Ball,  
Ohio—J. H. Ball, Oklahoma—J. H. Ball,  
Oregon—J. H. Ball, Pennsylvania—J. H. Ball,  
Rhode Island—J. H. Ball, South Carolina—J. H. Ball,  
South Dakota—J. H. Ball, Tennessee—J. H. Ball,  
Texas—J. H. Ball, Utah—J. H. Ball, Virginia—J. H. Ball,  
Washington—J. H. Ball, Wisconsin—J. H. Ball,  
Wyoming—J. H. Ball.

The committee appointed by the national  
committee to provide quarters for the conven-  
tion, chairman, Dawson and Oelrichs,  
have today selected house No. 10 West 23rd  
street, as the headquarters of the convention. It will be put  
in order and made ready for occupancy and  
business at the earliest possible moment.

THE TARIFF ASSOCIATION.

An Atlanta Home Insurance Company  
Considered.

FORT MONROE, Va., June 29.—[Special.]—A  
vast amount of work was done by the south-  
eastern tariff association today, though but little  
of it was of a general nature. The association  
today, the basis rate of one twenty-five per  
cent was reduced to 1.10 per cent on account of  
improvement in the waterworks at that place, and  
it was decided that the rate of one half per cent  
should be abolished, the basis rate of insurance in  
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## GRIMES WILL STAND

### And Will Not be so Easily Downed.

How Troup County Looks upon the "Com-  
missioner" Satisfied With Grimes—Other  
Political Notes.

LAGRANGE, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—The  
statement of your Washington correspondent,  
giving details of a combination made by a few  
men in this county, headed by Crenshaw and  
Bigham, fell like a bombshell here, and caused  
considerable activity.

It is safe to say that the bullet hit near the  
bull's eye.

It is an assumed fact the citizens of Troup  
will not ratify any such bargain or sale, nor  
will they aid any man making himself a cat's  
paw of a few men interested in the defeat of  
Grimes.

Our people are satisfied with Grimes's record,  
and are in favor of endorsing him a second  
term. Events will prove this assertion to be  
true.

### AGAINST CUT AND DRIED ACTION.

The Elbert County Democracy Will Trust  
to the Ballot Box.

ELBERTON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—At a  
meeting of the democratic executive commit-  
tee, of Elbert county, the following resolutions  
were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1. That the call for a democratic  
meeting on the first of July next, made by the  
Hon. J. E. Harrison, Jr., chairman democratic  
executive committee of Elbert county, is  
approved, because the same was not made by  
authority or direction of this committee, nor  
with the knowledge or consent of this committee;  
therefore hereby rescind that call.

Resolved, 2. That a democratic meeting of the  
county party, called by the democratic  
executive committee, to be held at the residence  
of Mr. J. E. Harrison, Jr., on the 1st day of  
August, at 10 o'clock a. m., to select delegates to the  
convention, or for the purpose of nominating a  
governor, state officers and presidential electors. Also  
to select delegates to the national convention, is  
disapproved, when same is called.

Resolved, 3. That we do not now consider it  
the wish of the people of Elbert county to hold  
primary election, mass meeting or convention in  
aid of either party, or to nominate a  
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elect the almost universal desire of those who  
have seen that no mass meeting, or any other  
kind of exercise, or primary election, around  
which no legal restrictions can be thrown, are  
needed at this juncture, but that the voters  
for themselves, unaided by any such machinery,  
when they want for their officers. No senatorial  
convention has been called or asked for. Both  
Gibson and McLean counties have candidates in  
the field for this position, and it is the wish of  
this committee that no such machinery be  
employed to elect either of them.

Resolved, 28. That we do not now consider it  
the wish of the people of Elbert county to  
hold primary election, mass meeting or convention  
in aid of either party, or to nominate a  
representative to congress, or to elect  
delegates to the national convention, or to  
elect the almost universal desire of those who  
have seen that no mass meeting, or any other  
kind of exercise, or primary election, around  
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Gibson and McLean counties have candidates in  
the field for this position, and it is the wish of  
this committee that no such machinery be  
employed to elect either of them.

## FINISHED THIS WEEK.

Macon's Dummy Line is at Last Com-  
pleted, to the Joy of Her Citizens.  
MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—And  
now the dummy line is completed to the  
county house door, and every citizen of Macon is  
happy over the event. Exactly three miles is  
the length of the line, although it will be four  
miles, all told, when the Hugenien heights  
extension is added. What work was stopped  
tonight the track had been all laid, surfaced  
and lined up to the court-house, and the force  
of music to the confederate monument.

Next Monday morning the entire line will  
be transferred to the Hugenien heights line,  
which will be finished by July 1st.

Mr. Haynes, proprietor of the line, is now  
at his home in Killebrew, N. Y., but he  
keeps well up with the progress on  
the line, and he and Captain  
Voss are in constant communication.

In a recent letter from him he stated that  
the cars that are being built for the road are  
the finest that have ever been brought south,  
and though there are now seven dummy  
lines in Birmingham, Ala., none of them will  
begin to compare with these. Three that are  
now being put out cost two thousand dollars  
each, and are expected to cost but half as  
much. The cars are being built by the  
Baldwin locomotive works, cost forty-five hun-  
dred each. Quite an expensive outfit, is it  
not? A ride on a \$6,000 street car for five  
cents!

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.  
Eighteen Counties Entered for the One  
Thousand Dollar Premium.

MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—At this  
time last year there was not a breeze stir  
among the affairs of the coming state fair.  
Mr. G. M. Bacon, of DeWitt, Ga., was then  
and preparations are being made for the great  
event. The counties all over the state are  
waking up, and the agricultural displays prom-  
ise to excel in interest and variety.

So far, eighteen counties have made entries  
for the one thousand dollar premium, and a num-  
ber of others have signified their intention of  
doing so, while still others are working up a  
display from their counties, and not less than  
thirty are expected to compete for the prize,  
which amount to over three thousand dollars.

Yesterday Mr. William C. Wyll, of Dar-  
lington, Ga., was in the market, seeing different  
representatives of the people.

Poultry Association's Delegates.  
MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—Members  
of the Georgia State Poultry Association met  
this morning to elect delegates to the annual  
meeting of the Georgia State Agricultural  
society, which will be held at Macon, Ga., on  
August 14th and 15th.

The following three delegates were elected: J. L.  
Harden, W. T. Shindolter, and J. W. S. S. S.  
Barnard, all of this city. The association  
met for this purpose, and no further business  
being presented, the meeting adjourned until  
further notice.

Judge Speer as Law Professor.  
MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—Judge  
Speer, during his absence in Washington, has  
been unanimously elected law professor by the  
trustees of Mercer university. It is supposed  
that he will leave for the university in the  
morning, and will be accompanied by his  
law partner with an able faculty and a  
large number of students.

Judge Speer at Home.  
MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—Judge  
Speer, with his wife and children, Miss  
Engel, arrived from Washington this morning.  
Miss Speer has completed, with first  
distinction, her collegiate course at George-  
town.

ABOUT PEOPLE YOU KNOW.  
And a Number of Them That are Passing in  
and Out of Georgia's Central City.

MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—Mr. Rob-  
ert, of Atlanta, who has been attending a  
university here this year, left for home this  
afternoon. Bob stood well in his class, and made  
scores of friends. He is a very capable and  
able young man, and his departure is  
a loss to the city.

Mr. G. W. Cannon, of Americus, Ga., is in the  
city, stopping at the Hotel Raleigh.

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## ALBANY NOTES.

### A Threatened Suit Against the Central

Because It Did Not Furnish Refrigerating  
Freight Cars—News of Interest  
Throughout the State.

ALBANY, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—Quite a  
sensation has been caused here by a threatened  
suit against the Central railroad for refusing  
to furnish ventilated fruit cars at the begin-  
ning of the season for the shipment of melons.

The agent (Captain John A. Davis) publishes  
a lengthy card, over his own signature, in  
which he incorporates letters from various  
melon-growers, certifying to the fact that they  
have been supplied with a sufficiency of cars.

The agent here has certainly done his duty in  
supplying all the cars possible under the sud-  
den demand for them, and the call for the fruit  
cars by the other roads owing them are what  
necessitated the refusal of the Central.

Mr. G. M. Bacon, of DeWitt, Ga., has been  
from this point to the Savannah, Florida and  
Western railway, and other roads. The melon  
crop is generally earlier below us, but this  
season they seemed to ripen simultaneously  
throughout south and southwest Georgia, caus-  
ing the great call for the fruit cars.

THE CATERPILLAR.  
Cotton caterpillars, the pest of the planter,  
have already made their appearance in some of  
the fields. They were first discovered by  
Mr. G. M. Bacon, of DeWitt, Ga., who has  
reported seeing the fly or moth this early in  
the season.

A singular tree, and once a very useful one,  
thrives in this section. It is the jubbe (zy-  
phus), a crooked shrub, rather unattractive  
looking, with a small green fruit about the size  
and shape of an olive. When ripe, they are of a  
pleasant red color, and are very  
pleasant to the taste, being very  
slightly acidulous flavor, and with an oili-  
ous, pointed stripe in the center. They were  
formerly much used in the manufacture of  
paste, once a popular confection. It has medi-  
cal qualities, being nutritive and demulcent,  
and is used in pectoral complaints. The tree  
is native of southern Europe, and grows wild  
along the shores of the Mediterranean and cul-  
tivated quite extensively in Italy, Spain and  
the south of France.

Mr. L. E. Welch, it is quite large and well  
fructified. They ripen here in August.

The first of the new crop of LeConte pears  
have made their appearance in this market.

THE FATAL EFFORT.  
Of a Young Man to Quit Drinking Liquor  
—Breaking Off Too Suddenly.

MACON, Ga., June 29.—[Special.]—"It  
gives me a headache," said the man, who was  
the young man whose death was reported  
yesterday, "and I feel as if I were going to  
be sick."

He had been drinking for some time, and  
was feeling very bad. He had been drinking  
for some time, and was feeling very bad.

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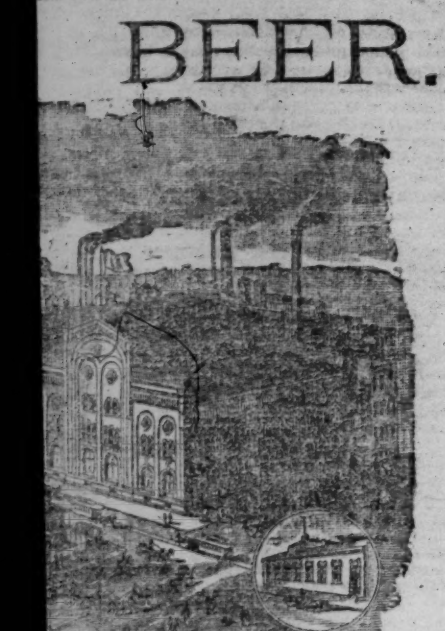








BEER.  
 GEORGE MOERLIN, Vice Pres.  
 GEORGE MOERLIN, Secy.  
 GEORGE MOERLIN, Asst. Secy.  
**Rein Brewing Co.,**  
 CLEVELAND, OHIO.  
 BARRELS YEARLY.  
 THE FINEST BRAND OF—  
**BEER.**



here in Atlanta.

EXPORT which is brewed from the finest grade of malted barley, and is the most approved method. It is of any quantity, and being obtained by the most perfect processes for the production of beer, it is guaranteed to be of the highest quality. We are now prepared to furnish it to our customers at the lowest possible price.

**Atlanta Agent.**  
**COMPLETELY FILLED.**

**SCHEDULE.**

**ROAD of GEORGIA**

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## THE CENTRAL SHOPS.

If they are Moved Atlanta Should Get Them.

Points of Interest About the Country's Highways—Sale of the Home and Deatur—Brief Mention.

And why not Atlanta? In an interview published some days ago, and referred to in THE CONSTITUTION at the time, Major Belmont was quoted as saying that the Central company might desire to remove their shops from Macon on account of the exorbitant charges of that city.

Columbus and Birmingham were mentioned as the most likely places to which they might be removed, and these cities have been urging their claims and advantages for all they are worth ever since this possibility was mentioned.

Atlanta has as yet said nothing about these shops, or indicated that she would like to see them; but there is no doubt that this city would be one of the best locations that could be selected for these shops, provided, of course, that they are to be removed from Macon.

There are reasons, almost without number, for declaring in favor of Atlanta in a matter of such importance, and it is scarcely reasonable to suppose that Atlanta would sit quietly down and see these important works moved to other points, when a very little work would secure them.

This is offered to those who are interested in the city's growth, and who know how important an aid any part of a railroad's equipment is to trade and the increase of population. It is offered with the understanding that the shops are to be removed from Macon and with the understanding that Atlanta is the best place for them.

Speaking about this matter, a well-informed railroad man on yesterday advanced the proposition that one great advantage that Atlanta had over any other southern city, was a climatic one, and stated that the shops engaged in the heavy work that was necessary in railroad shops could do more work in a given number of months than in any other of the cities in the south.

And not only that, but the shops removed from Macon, should not Atlanta be considered in the light as a candidate for their location?

A New Rule. The Central and East Tennessee roads have made a rule, which goes into effect July 1, allowing five days for the removal of freight from cars. If not removed in this time all freight will be removed to the company's warehouse in the city.

Will Meet Today. The passenger agents of the Georgia road will meet in Atlanta today at the rooms of Colonel

Slaughter, to fix the rates for the Piedmont, Chesapeake, and Atlantic roads, and attend to any other matter that may come before them.

The Columbus and Western. The schedule just put on the Columbus and Western railroad is as follows: No. 61 leaves Columbus at 8:25 a. m., and arrives at Birmingham at 3:30 p. m. No. 62 leaves Birmingham at 11:45 a. m., and arrives at Columbus at 6:55 p. m.

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## THE COUNTY COURTHOUSE.

Filing New Suits—What Was Done in the Court.

Only one court was in session yesterday, and it did little to do. In the city court, Judge Howard Van Epps on the bench, the case of R. H. Carson vs. the Georgia Pacific Railway company was begun. Messrs. Blackman and Garrett appeared for the plaintiff, and the defendant was represented by Messrs. Haygood and Douglas.

The defendant's attorneys moved for a nonsuit and Judge Van Epps granted it. The city court will resume criminal business next Monday morning. It will take about two weeks to clear the docket.

Before Judge Richard H. Clark several bonds were forfeited, and the sheriff was ordered to proceed against the bondsmen. Messrs. John D. Cunningham and James W. Austin, in behalf of John McCarty, filed yesterday in the office of the clerk of the superior court a suit against the Georgia Pacific Railway company, claiming that the railroad had failed to deliver to him a trunk which he had shipped to him, and that the railroad was liable for the loss of the trunk.

While going along the trunk a train knocked him off and injured him badly. He thinks the company should give him redress. Messrs. Alexander and Turnbull yesterday filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court a suit for \$5,000 damages against the East Tennessee, Virginia Georgia railroad. The complainant is Z. T. Thomas, who avers that he desired to board the passenger train at a station called "Three Kings" and that the railroad failed to do so, and that he was injured in a collision. He claims that the accident was caused by the carelessness of the company's servants.

Messrs. Alexander and Turnbull yesterday filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court a suit for \$5,000 damages against the East Tennessee, Virginia Georgia railroad. The complainant is Z. T. Thomas, who avers that he desired to board the passenger train at a station called "Three Kings" and that the railroad failed to do so, and that he was injured in a collision. He claims that the accident was caused by the carelessness of the company's servants.

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## STILSON, JEWELER.

55 WHITEHALL ST.  
 Reliable Goods,  
 Fair Dealing.  
 Bottom Prices.

Another big shipment Baby Carriages is due at J. H. Nunnally's, 36 Whitehall st.

Donehoo's Ice Cream and Butter Depot, 9 E. Alabama street.

THE GREAT STORM.

Hammocks at reduced prices.

One of the severest storms of the century is now passing over this country. Quite a number of people have been killed and the returns are not yet in. In the south, the storm has been the heaviest, laying everything before it to the ground.

Nature will have her way, and all the device of man can not change it. What are the causes of storms and what are the means of preventing them? The cause of the storm that is now sweeping the country is thoroughly understood. It is the effect of the high atmospheric pressure of the "Red Sea" and "Three Kings" clouds. Every body is watching for them, and hence the storm. Simple cause, but true. Harison Bros. & Co. sell them.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—THE RESIGNATION of Wm. M. Butt, Esq., having been accepted, thereby creating a vacancy in the office of justice of the peace of the 10th district, G. M. Fulton county, by virtue of law in such cases made and provided, it is ordered that an election be held on Saturday, July 14, 1888, at the usual place of holding justice court in said district, No. 35 W. Alabama street, to fill the unexpired term of said justice, and I hereby give notice of said election, this 29th day of June, 1888.

Notary Public and Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace for the 10th District.

I announce myself as candidate for Justice of the Peace for the 10th district, G. M., to fill unexpired term of Wm. Butt, Esq., resigned. Election July 14th, 1888, at 35 W. Alabama street.

JOSEPH H. SMITH.

The Cheapest Lumber dealers are the Atlanta Lumber Co. Telephone 187 and 881. Free drayage on all lumber bought of them.

To Our Patrons and the Public Generally. We, the undersigned, beg leave by this method to call your attention to the fact, that we have, after much careful thought, and consultation among ourselves, unanimously agreed and decided that we will, on and after the first day of July next, abolish the credit system. The reasons for this action we hope to make plain and satisfactory, in this, our first issue.

In the first place, many of our (and in fact nearly all) limited in capital, and unless we resort to this method we must entirely abandon the business of our store, and the result would be that we would make a stringent law is not purchasable only for cash. Now, from this one fact, you can at once see that in trying to run a business with all these uncertainties, such as had debts, low collections, and others too numerous to mention, the impossibility of making the business remunerative.

In the second place, our per centum on investment is of small margin, and takes constant and vigilant effort on our part, the very best can be done, to bring it above original outlay. We could go further and produce many more sufficient reasons for this action, but deem it unnecessary, as we think the foregoing amply sufficient, and hope entirely satisfactory.

In closing this address, we would respectfully ask the public to view it from a business standpoint, and to realize that we have made this move not hastily, but patiently, and with much consideration, and are firmly of the belief that it is not only to our advantage and good, but will also be of vast benefit to our patrons.

Dr. A. W. CALHOUN, the celebrated special list, has the following to say about Delectalave: "It affords me pleasure to bear testimony to its value and to state that its curative properties are beyond question. I recommend it to the public."

Delectalave will whiten the teeth, Harden and beaut



